

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

DATE: January 12, 2024

MEMO CODE: SFSP 03-2024, SP 05-2024

SUBJECT:Implementation Guidance for the Rural Non-congregate Option Provisions of
the Interim Final Rule, Establishing the Summer EBT Program and Rural Non-
Congregate Option in the Summer Meal Programs

TO: Regional Directors Child Nutrition Programs All Regions

> State Directors Child Nutrition Programs All States

Issuing Agency/Office:	FNS/Child Nutrition Programs	
Title of Document:	Implementation Guidance for the Rural Non-congregate Option Provisions of the Interim Final Rule, <i>Establishing</i> <i>the Summer EBT Program and Rural Non-congregate</i> <i>Option in the Summer Meal Programs.</i>	
Document ID:		
Z-RIN:		
Date of Issuance:	January 12, 2024	
Replaces:	N/A	
Summary:	The Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (P.L. 117-328), established a permanent non-congregate summer meal service option for rural areas with no congregate meal service available. (1) This memorandum provides guidance on the administration and operation of non- congregate meal service from the Interim Final Rule, <i>Establishing the Summer EBT Program and Rural Non-</i> <i>Congregate Option in the Summer Meal Programs</i> . (2) This memorandum applies to State agencies administering, and local organizations operating, the Summer Food Service Program and National School Lunch Program Seamless Summer Option. (3) This document relates to requirements in section 13 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act (NSLA) [42 U.S.C. 1761], the Summer Food Service Program regulations in 7 CFR part 225, the National School Lunch Program regulations in 7 CFR part 220.	

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On December 29, 2022, President Biden signed the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2023 (the Act) (P.L. 117-328). The Act amended section 13 of the Richard B. Russell National School Lunch Act, 42 USC 1761, to include the authorization of a permanent, rural non-congregate meal service through the Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) which the Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) is extending to the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) Seamless Summer Option (SSO). Per the statutory requirement, on December 29, 2023, FNS published an interim final rule, <u>Establishing the Summer EBT</u> Program and Rural Non-congregate Option in the Summer Meal Programs. This rulemaking, effective December 29, 2023, codified the permanent rural non-congregate summer meal service for both SFSP and SSO, as well as created the Summer Electronic Benefits Transfer for Children Program (Summer EBT). While non-congregate summer meal service for rural areas was initially implemented through FNS guidance during summer 2023, that guidance is superseded by the interim final rule.

This memorandum includes an attachment highlighting key information on the new regulatory requirements for non-congregate summer meal service in rural areas. The attachment:

- Reviews previously applicable regulatory requirements,
- Specifies previously applicable FNS guidance, (including summer 2023 initial implementation guidance), and
- Details the regulatory changes effected by the interim final rule.

FNS intends to issue additional guidance for implementation of the rural non-congregate summer meal service provisions, including Q&As.

FNS appreciates the exceptional efforts of State agencies and local Program operators working to meet the nutritional needs of participants during the summer months. SFSP and SSO rely on innovative and collaborative efforts to provide summer meals to children in need. We look forward to working with our program partners and other stakeholders to support administration and operation of the non-congregate meal service for rural communities.

State agencies are reminded to distribute this memorandum to Program operators immediately. Program operators should direct any questions concerning this guidance to their State agency. State agencies with questions should contact the appropriate FNS Regional Office.

Sincerely,

Original Signed

J. Kevin Maskornick Director Community Meals Policy Division

Attachment: Rural non-congregate summer meal service provisions summary chart



Attachment - Implementation Guidance for the Rural Non-congregate Option Provisions of the Interim Final Rule In addition to this memorandum, State agencies and program operators are encouraged to review the interim final rule preamble for a complete review of the amendatory changes throughout 7 CFR 210, 220, and 225.

Previous Regulations	Previous Guidance	New Regulations
Definitions	1	
Site § 225.2 defined "site" as a physical location at which a sponsor provides a food service for children and at which children consume meals in a supervised setting.	<i>Rural Areas – Revised,</i> February 28, 2023, provided that State agencies and sponsors	Amends the definition of "site" in §225.2 as the place where a child receives a program meal. A site may be the indoor or outdoor location where congregate meals are served, a stop on a delivery route of a mobile congregate meal service, or the distribution location or route for a non- congregate meal service. However, a child's residence is not considered a non- congregate meal site for Program monitoring purposes.
Congregate Meal Service § 225.2 did not include a definition of "congregate meal service."	No guidance provided on this subject.	Adds to § 225.2 a definition of "congregate meal service" to mean a food service at which meals that are provided to children are consumed on site in a supervised setting.

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Non-congregate Meal Service § 225.2 did not include a definition of "non- congregate meal service."	provide non-congregate summer meals in rural areas that do not have congregate meal service in Summer 2023.	Adds to §225.2 a definition of "non- congregate meal service" to mean meals that are provided to children to consume off-site and must be operated at a site designated as "rural" and with no "congregate meal service." Adds § 225.16(b)(5) to include additional meal service requirements for non- congregate meals.
New Site § 225.2 defined "new site" as a site which did not participate in the Program in the prior year, or, as determined by the State agency, a site which had experienced significant staff turnover from the prior year.	Summer 2023 Non-Congregate Meal Service in Rural Areas, April 20, 2023, provided that	Amends the definition of "new site" in § 225.2 by adding "an experienced site that is proposing to operate a non-congregate meal service for the first time."
Conditional Non-congregate Site § 225.2 did not include a definition of "conditional non-congregate site." § 225.14(c)(3) required that, to be eligible to participate in the SFSP, applicant sponsors must conduct a regularly scheduled food service for children in areas in which poor	claim meals served to children who are eligible for free or reduced-price school meals even if the rural area does not meet the definition of "areas in which poor economic	Adds to § 225.2 a definition of "conditional non-congregate site" to mean a site that qualifies for Program participation because it conducts a non-congregate meal service for eligible children in an area that does not meet the definition of "areas in which poor economic conditions exist" and is not a "camp."

economic conditions exist or must qualify	Amends § 225.14(c)(3) to clarify that
as a camp.	sponsors operating a conditional non-
	congregate site may provide a regularly
§ 225.14(d) provided requirements for	scheduled food service for children in non-
specific sponsor types, such as sponsors	area eligible locations.
that operate camp sites, and states that	Ŭ
those sponsor types must certify that they	Adds a new § 225.9(d)(11) that provides that
will collect information on children's	sponsors of conditional non-congregate
Program eligibility to support their claim for	sites are reimbursed only for meals served
reimbursement.	to children whose eligibility for Program
	meals is documented.
§ 225.15(e) required sponsors operating the	Adds a new § 225.14(d)(8) to clarify that if
SFSP, including sponsors of open sites,	the sponsor operates a conditional non-
camps, and closed enrolled sites, to	congregate site, it must certify that it will
annually announce the availability of free	collect information on participants'
meals in the media serving the area from	eligibility to support its claim for
which the sponsor draws its attendance.	reimbursement.
Sponsors of camps and closed enrolled	
sites must notify participants of the	Amends § 225.15(e) to clarify that sponsors
availability of free meals and if a free meal	of conditional non-congregate sites must
application is needed.	notify participants of the availability of free
	meals and if a free meal application is
	needed, as is required for sponsors of
	camps and closed enrolled sites. Program
	regulations at § 225.15(e) continue to apply
	to sponsors regardless of the meal service
	type provided.

Site Supervisor § 225.2 defined "site supervisor" as the individual on site for the duration of the meal service, who has been trained by the sponsor, and is responsible for all administrative and management activities at a site including but not limited to: maintaining documentation of meal deliveries, ensuring that all meals served are safe, and maintaining accurate point of service meal counts.	https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/site-	Amends the definition of "site supervisor" in § 225.2 by adding that the individual is on site for the duration of the food service, unless the site is a non-congregate meal service site using delivery services.
Operating Costs § 225.2 defined the term "operating costs" to mean the cost of operating a food service under the Program, including the: cost of obtaining food, labor directly involved in the preparation and service of food, cost of nonfood supplies, rental and use allowances for equipment and space, and cost of transporting children in rural areas to meal service sites in rural areas.	<i>Service Program</i> , February 25, 2015 ¹ , provides guidance on the process State agencies and	Amends the definition of "operating costs" in § 225.2 by adding the cost of delivering non-congregate meals in rural areas as an allowable cost.
Good Standing §225.2 did not include a definition of "good standing".	SFSP 07-2023, Questions and Answers #2: Summer 2023 Non-Congregate Meal Service in	Adds to § 225.2 a definition of "good standing" to mean the status of a program operator that meets its Program responsibilities, is current with its financial obligations, and, if applicable, has fully

	"good standing" under the Child Nutrition	implemented all corrective actions within
	Program(s) which they currently operate.	the required period of time.
	The SFSP Administration Guide, 2016 update ¹	
	<u>https://www.fns.usda.gov/sfsp/2016-</u>	
	administrative-guidance-sponsors states that	
	a SFSP sponsor is in good standing if they	
	successfully participated in the previous year	
	with no serious deficiencies.	
Rural	SFSP 01-2023 provided that the definition of	Amends the definition of "rural" in §225.2
	"rural" in the SFSP had not changed and	by adding more datasets to define the term,
§ 225.2 defined "rural" as (a) any area in a	States should continue to designate rural	as well as modifying the rural pocket
county which is not a part of a Metropolitan	areas as they have in prior summers.	designation process. The amended
Statistical Area (MSA) or (b) any "pocket"		definition includes (1) Any area in a county
within a MSA which, at the option of the	SFSP 07-2023 outlined additional data sources	
State agency and with Food and Nutrition	that States could use for identifying rural	based on the Office of Management and
Service Regional Office (FNSRO)		Budget's Delineations of Metropolitan
concurrence, is determined to be	(MSA) that would receive expedited review.	Statistical Areas; (2) Any area in a county
geographically isolated from urban areas.	FNS also considered other data sources to	classified as a non-metropolitan area based
	make a determination of whether an area is	on USDA Economic Research Service's
	"geographically isolated from urban areas" on	
	a case-by-case basis.	Influence Codes; (3) Any census tract
		classified as a non-metropolitan area based
	SFSP 17-2015, Rural Designations in the	on USDA Economic Research Service's
	<i>Summer Food Service Program – Revised</i> , April	,
	21, 2015, clarified guidance on rural	area of a Metropolitan Statistical Area
	designations in SFSP.	which is not part of a Census Bureau-
		defined urban area; (5) Any area of a State
		which is not part of an urban area as
		determined by the Secretary; (6) Any

subsequent substitution or update of the aforementioned classification schemes that Federal governing bodies create; or (7) Any "pocket" within a Metropolitan Statistical Area which, at the option of the State agency and with FNSRO <i>approval</i> , is determined to be rural in character based on other data sources. Adds to § 225.6(g)(1)(iii) and 225.6(g)(2)(ii) to require new documentation of rural designation every 5 years, or earlier, if the State agency believes that an area's rural status has changed significantly since the previous determination.
Adds a new § 225.18(l) to provide that by January 1 each year, or as soon as is practicable, FNS will issue any necessary updates to approved data sources listed under the definition of "rural" in § 225.2 to be used for rural site designations in that program year.

State agency responsibilities		
Department Notification § 225.3(b) provided that by November 1 each year each State agency must notify USDA regarding the State's intention to administer the Program in that fiscal year. Each State agency desiring to take part in the Program must enter into a written agreement with FNS for the administration of the Program.	Section 13(n)(1) of the NSLA was amended to establish that for summer 2023, each State intending to participate in the Program must notify the Secretary of its intent to administer the Program and submit for approval by April 1, 2023, a management and administration plan. Section 13(n)(2) of the NSLA was amended to establish that beginning in 2024, each State intending to participate in the Program must notify the Secretary by January 1.	Amends the regulatory deadline at § 225.3(b), requiring State agencies to notify the Department of their intent to administer the SFSP by January 1 of each fiscal year.
MAP for approval that must include a number of items, including the State's administrative budget, an estimate of need for monies to pay for the cost of conducting	Section 13(n)(1) of the NSLA was amended to require that, for summer 2023, each State agency had until April 1, 2023, to submit their MAP, which must include the State's plan for using non-congregate meal service, if applicable, including plans to provide a reasonable opportunity to access meals across all areas of the State, in addition to the MAP requirements previously required under the NSLA.	Adds a new § 225.4(d)(9) and (10) to include non-congregate meal service requirements in the Management and Administration Plan (MAP), including the State's plan to provide a reasonable opportunity for children to access meals across all areas of the State, and the State's plan for Program delivery in areas that could benefit the most from non-congregate meals. Additional guidance on the SFSP MAP will be provided separately.

Priorities and Outreach Mandate § 225.6(a)(2) required that, by February 1 of each fiscal year, each State agency must announce the purpose, eligibility criteria, and availability of the Program throughout the State, through appropriate means of communication. They also must identify priority outreach areas and target efforts in those areas.	benefit the most from the provision of non- congregate meals and encourage participating service institutions in those areas to provide non-congregate meals as appropriate.	Amends § 225.6(a)(2) to require State agencies to identify areas with no congregate meal service that could benefit the most from the provision of non- congregate meals and encourage participating service institutions in those areas to provide non-congregate meals as appropriate.
Sponsor Applications and Site Information Sheets § 225.6(g)(1) and (2) required that State agencies develop site information sheets for sponsors. It provided the minimum requirements that must be included in the site information sheets.	the application process, State agencies ensure that Program sponsors approved to serve non-congregate meals were aware of the requirement to track and report separately, meals served in non-congregate settings. The guidance also recommended that State agencies ensure meal delivery times and meal pickup times were followed per applications.	procedures to document that meals are only distributed, to a reasonable extent, to eligible children and that duplicate meals are not distributed to any child if the applicant sponsor is electing to use the

		meal service will be congregate or non- congregate on their site information sheet. Adds § 225.6(g)(1)(xiv) and (g)(2)(viii) to require Program sponsors who are operating conditional non-congregate sites to specify the number of children enrolled who meet the Program's income standards.
Approving Sites and Determining Non- congregate Meal Service § 225.6(h)(1) required State agencies to	that the State agency must follow when approving Program sites to operate non- congregate meal service. Those requirements	Amends § 225.6(h)(1)(i) to include conditional non-congregate sites, in addition to camps, as site types that do not need to meet area eligibility requirements.
ensure the proposed food service site was located in an "area in which poor economic conditions exist," or will serve specific groups of eligible children; the area which the site proposes to serve will not be served by another site, unless it can be	 service site must be in a rural area; The proposed site would not be served by a congregate meal service; and Children should not receive more than the 	Revises § 225.6(h)(2) to clarify the applicability of "site cap" regulations to both congregate and non-congregate meal services.
demonstrated to the satisfaction of the State agency that each site will serve children not served by any other site in the same area for the same meal; the site is approved to serve no more than the	State agencies were also to consider:Any physical conditions or other barriers;	application approval requirements that State agencies must ensure when evaluating the proposed site which will provide a non-congregate meal service and
number of children for which its facilities are adequate and; if it is a site proposed to operate during any unanticipated school closure, it is a non-school site.	 Capacity of a congregate site that prevents it from serving the community at large; Sites serving the same children on different days, different weeks, or for different meals on the same day; and 	determining an "area with no congregate meal service."

\$225.6(h)(2)(i), (ii), (iii), and (v) were specific		
to congregate meal service operations and	children with unique dietary	
required that each vended site must have	requirements.	
an approved level for the maximum		
number of children's meals which may be		
served under the Program, which is		
commonly known as a "site cap."		
State-Sponsor Agreement		Amends § 225.6(i), (i)(4), (i)(7)(i) and (ii), and (i)(15) to clarify State-sponsor agreement
§ 225.6(i) required that a sponsor approved		requirements for sites that provide non-
for Program participation must enter into a		congregate meal service.
written agreement with the State agency.		
Termination for Convenience		Revises § 225.6(i) language to clarify that the State agency or sponsor may terminate
§ 225.6(i) allowed the State agency or		the agreement at its convenience, upon
sponsor to terminate the agreement at its		mutual agreement, due to considerations
convenience, for considerations unrelated		unrelated to either party's performance of
to the sponsor's performance of Program		Program responsibilities under the
responsibilities under the agreement.		agreement.
Corrective Action Procedures	No guidance provided on this subject.	Amends § 225.11(c)(4)(iv) (simultaneous
		service of more than one meal to any child)
§ 225.11 required the State agency to		and (viii) (excessive instances of off-site
improve Program performance through		meal consumption) to state that they are
provisions including (b) investigations, (c)		specific to congregate meal service
denial of applications and termination of		operations.
sponsors, (d) meal service restrictions, (e)		
meal disallowances, (f) corrective action		Adds § 225.11(c)(4)(vi) stating that
and termination of sites, and (g) technical		distributing more than the daily meal limit
assistance for improved meal service.		when multi-day service is used as a part of

§ 225.11(d) required the State agency to restrict sites to one meal service per day if they had certain program violations, with the exception of residential camps.		non-congregate meal service is considered a program violation. Amends § 225.11(d) to clarify that non- congregate meal service sites are exempt from the one meal service per day restriction.
Sponsor Eligibility § 225.14 outlined requirements for sponsor participation. The requirements include application procedures, sponsor eligibility, and demonstration of administrative and financial ability to manage a food service effectively. § 225.14(d) provided requirements that are specific to sponsor types, such as camps.	SFSP 01-2023 provided that State agencies may not deny a sponsor application based solely on the intent to provide a non- congregate meal service. However, State agencies could determine whether individual sponsors are capable of providing non- congregate meal service in rural areas, in line with SFSP requirements. SFSP 07-2023 instructed that sponsors must be considered in "good standing."	No changes to §225.14(b), effectively allowing all service institutions listed under §225.14(b) to be eligible to sponsor the Program, including operating both congregate and non-congregate meal services. Adds § 225.6(b)(12) to require that the State agency must not deny a sponsor's application based solely on the sponsor's intent to provide a non-congregate meal service. Adds § 225.16(i) allowing multi-day meal issuance, parent/guardian meal pick-up, and bulk meal issuance to be used by all sponsors in good standing. A State agency may only limit these options on a case-by- case basis if the sponsor is found to not have the capability to operate or oversee non-congregate meal service at their site(s).

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Pre-approval Visits § 225.7(d) required State agencies to conduct pre-approval visits of sponsors and sites to assess the applicant sponsor or site's potential for successful Program operations.	monitoring requirements for State agencies and sponsors apply to non-congregate sponsors and sites. This includes but is not limited to pre-approval visits, sponsor and site reviews, follow-up reviews, and meal preparation facility reviews by State agencies (as specified in 7 CFR 225.7) and site visits and reviews conducted by sponsors (as specified in 7 CFR 225.15).	agency at their discretion.
Sponsor and Site Reviews § 225.7(e)(4)(ii) provided that State agencies must annually review sponsors whose Program reimbursements, in the aggregate, account for at least one half of the total Program meal reimbursements in the State in the prior year.	monitoring requirements for State agencies and sponsors applied to non-congregate sponsors and sites. This included pre- approval visits, sponsor and site reviews, follow-up reviews, and meal preparation facility reviews by State agencies (as specified in 7 CFR 225.7) and site visits and reviews	Removes § 225.7(e)(4)(ii) to allow State agencies the ability to target their resources on sponsors of all sizes and operational capacity, not primarily those that account for one half of the total Program meal reimbursements. Adds § 225.7(e)(4)(iv) to require State agencies to more frequently review

§225.7(e)(4)(v) required State agencies, as	sponsors who require additional technical
part of each sponsor review, to conduct	assistance.
reviews of at least 10 percent of each	
reviewed sponsor's sites, or one site,	Amends §225.7(e)(4)(v) to include non-
whichever number is greater.	congregate meal service in the 10 percent
	of sponsor's sites required to be reviewed.
§ 225.7(e)(5) directed State agencies to	
develop criteria for site selection when	Amends § 225.7(e)(5) to include non-
selecting sites to meet the minimum	congregate meal service in site selection.
number of sites required under paragraph	
(e)(4)(v).	Amends § 225.7(j) to include whether the
	meal service is congregate or non-
§ 225.7(j) required State agencies to	congregate on the monitoring review
develop and provide monitor review forms	form.
to all approved sponsors.	Amends §225.6(b)(6) to include the
	requirement that the State agency must
§225.6(b)(6) required that the State agency	have the capacity to conduct reviews of at
must not approve any sponsor to operate	least 10 percent of the sponsor's sites when
more than 200 sites or to serve more than	the State agency approves a sponsor to
an average of 50,000 children per day.	operate more than 200 sites or to serve
However, the State agency may approve	more than an average of 50,000 children per
exceptions if the applicant can demonstrate	day.
that it has the capability of managing a	
program larger than these limits.	Amends § 225.16(c)(1)(iii) to clarify the
	approval of meal service times must be in
§ 225.16(c)(1)(iii) required meal service	accordance with the State agency or
times to be approved by the State agency.	sponsor's capacity to monitor the full meal
	service during a review.

Sponsor Responsibilities		
Identification and Determination of Eligible Children		Adds § 225.14(d)(6) and 225.16(b)(5)(i) to require sponsors operating a non- congregate meal service which delivers
§ 225.15(f)(l) described methods for determining eligibility of children and disclosure of children's eligibility information.	identify and invite households of eligible children to participate in the meal delivery service. The guidance also required that sponsors obtain written consent from the eligible child's parent or guardian that the household wants meals delivered.	meals directly to children's homes to obtain written parental consent prior to providing meals to the children. Adds § 225.14(d)(8) to establish the requirement that non-SFA sponsors must enter into a written agreement or MOU with
	Required non-SFA sponsors that planned to obtain individual children's program eligibility	the State agency or local SFA if they wish to
Meal Ordering and Second Meals § 225.15(b)(4) allows sponsors to claim reimbursement for second meals which do not exceed 2 percent of the number of first meals served to children for each meal type (i.e., breakfasts, lunches, snacks, or suppers) during the claiming period.	SFSP 01-2023 provided that second meals could not be claimed at non-congregate meal sites.	Amends § 225.15(b)(4) to limit reimbursement of second meals to congregate meal service. State agencies must disallow claims if it is determined that a sponsor served second meals as part of a non-congregate meal service.

Parent or Guardian Meal Pick-Up § 225.2 (meals) requires that meals are served to children. Meals served to other individuals could not be claimed for reimbursement.	SFSP 01-2023 provided that meals can be distributed to parents or guardians to take home to their children. SFSP 07-2023 provided that State agencies had discretion to establish statewide policies regarding parent or guardian meal pick-up.	Adds § 225.16(i)(2) to allow parent or guardian meal pick-up. Sponsors must have documented procedures to ensure that meals are only distributed to parents or guardians of eligible children and that duplicate meals are not distributed. Adds § 225.16(i) only allowing the State agency to limit the use of these options on a case-by-case basis (i.e., no statewide restrictions).
Multi-day Meal Issuance § 225.6(i)(15) required Program meals to be served in a congregate setting and consumed by participants on site in order to be eligible for reimbursement. § 225.16(b)(3) provides that a service institution may only serve up to two meals (or one snack and one meal) per day, per child (except for camps and migrant sites which may serve up to three meals (or two meals and one snack) per day, per child per § 225.16(b)(1) and (3)).	SFSP 07-2023 provided that State agencies had discretion to establish statewide policies regarding multi-day meal issuance.	Adds a new § 225.16(i)(1) which codifies the option to provide multi-day meal issuance. Sponsors electing this option must have procedures in place that document, to a reasonable extent, that the proper number of meals are distributed to each eligible child. Adds § 225.16(i) only allowing the State agency to limit the use of multi-day meal issuance on a case-by-case basis (i.e., no statewide restrictions).

Bulk Food Items	SFSP 01-2023 provided that at State agency	Adds § 225.16(i)(3) which allows the option
Regulations did not address bulk food	discretion, sponsors could provide bulk food	to provide bulk meal items. Approved self-
items.	items.	preparation sponsors may provide bulk
§ 225.6(l)(2)(i) provided that all meals		food items that meet the minimum
	SFSP 07-2023 provided additional guidance	amounts of each food component of a
company shall be unitized, with or without	when using bulk food items as part of multi-	reimbursable breakfast, lunch, supper, or
milk or juice, unless the State agency has	day meal issuance. This guidance also	snack. Sponsors electing this option must
approved a request for exceptions to the	provided that State agencies had discretion to	ensure that:
unitizing requirement for certain	establish statewide policies regarding bulk	Required food components for each
components of a meal.	food items.	reimbursable meal are served.
		 All food items that contribute to a
		reimbursable meal are clearly
		identifiable.
		• Menus are provided and clearly indicate
		the food items and portion sizes for
		each reimbursable meal.
		• Food preparation, such as heating or
		warming, is minimal. Sponsors may
		offer food items that require further
		preparation only with State agency and
		FNSRO approval.
		• The maximum number of reimbursable
		meals provided to a child does not
		exceed the number of meals that could
		be provided over a 5-calendar day
		period. The State agency may establish
		a shorter or longer time period, which
		may not exceed the time period for
		which the sponsor is approved for multi-

		day meal issuance, on a case-by-case basis. Adds § 225.16(i) only allowing the State agency to limit the use of bulk food items
		on a case-by-case basis (i.e., no statewide restrictions).
Offer Versus Serve		No changes were made to §225.16(f)(1(ii), effectively allowing SFAs to use OVS when
§ 225.16(f)(1)(ii) provides that school food authorities (SFAs) that are Program sponsors may permit a child to refuse one or more items that the child does not intend to eat. The reimbursements to SFAs for Program meals served under this "offer versus serve" (OVS) option must not be reduced because children choose not to take all components of the meals that are offered.	State agency approval.	providing non-congregate meal service.
Meal Service Times	SFSP 01-2023 provided that meal service times still needed to be established for each	Adds § 225.16(b)(5)(iii) to establish that non-congregate meal service is subject to
 § 225.16(c) required meals served in the SFSP to follow specific time requirements. Meal service times must be established by sponsors for each site, included in the 	site, included in the sponsor's application, and approved by the State agency. These	the requirements for establishing and following meal service times at § 225.16(c)(1), (4), and (5).
sponsor's application, and approved by the State agency. Requirements also specify that breakfast be served at or close to the beginning of a child's day; all sites except residential camps must start the next meal	distribution. The State agency must approve any changes in meal service times. In addition, sponsors offering a non-congregate meal	Amends § 225.16(c)(2), (3) and (6) to clarify that non-congregate meal service is exempt from requiring that breakfast must be served at or close to the beginning of the child's day, that one hour must elapse

previous meal or snack; and meals served outside of the approved meal service times are not eligible for reimbursement. \$ 225.16(c) provided instructions for meals not prepared on site. Specifically, meal deliveries must arrive before the approved meal service time and meals must be delivered within one hour of the start of the meal service if the site does not have adequate storage to hold hot or cold meals at the temperatures required.end of one meal service and the start of the next.prepared on site must be delivered within one hour of the approved meal service time for congregate meal service.Off-Site Consumption of Food Items \$ 225.16(h) allows sponsors to permit a child to take one fruit, vegetable, or grain item off-site for later consumption without prior State agency approval if all applicable state and local health, safety, and sanitation standards are met (also known as the "traveling apple" policy).SFSP 05-2015 v.2, Summer Meal Programs Meal Service Requirements Q&As - Revised ^b , January 12, 2015, provides that sponsors must submit a nondiscrimination statement ofAmends § 225.16(h) to clarify that the flexibility to allow children to take specific food items for off-site consumption only applies to congregate meal service.Free Meal Policy Statement submit a nondiscrimination statement ofNo guidance provided on this subject.Amends § 225.6(f) to clarify that sponsors operating conditional non-congregate sites are exempt from including a statement that meals served are free at all sites. In addition, the rule clarifies that sponsors			
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meal policy statement, sponsors mustmeals served are free at all sites. In addition, the rule clarifies that sponsors			operating conditional non-congregate sites
submit a nondiscrimination statement of addition, the rule clarifies that sponsors	§ 225.6(f) requires that as part of the free		are exempt from including a statement that
	meal policy statement, sponsors must		meals served are free at all sites. In
their policy for serving meals to children operating conditional non-congregate sites	submit a nondiscrimination statement of		addition, the rule clarifies that sponsors
	their policy for serving meals to children		operating conditional non-congregate sites
that includes a statement that meals served that charge separately for meals must also			that charge separately for meals must also
are free (except for camps). include specific eligibility information in the	are free (except for camps).		include specific eligibility information in the
			policy statement, and that each sponsor of

		a conditional non-congregate site must submit a copy of its hearing procedures with its application.
Training § 225.15(d)(1) requires sponsors to train its administrative and site personnel on all aspects of the Program, and not allow sites to operate until personnel have attended training. Training topics must include, at a minimum, Program purpose, site eligibility, recordkeeping, meal pattern requirements, and monitor duties.	Questions and Answers - Revised #2: Summer 2023 Non-Congregate Meal Service in Rural Areas ¹ , December 1, 2016, provided that sponsors are required to provide appropriate training to supervisory staff and volunteers so that they understand that community children have equal access to services and	Amends § 225.15(d)(1) to include congregate and non-congregate meal service operations as required components in the sponsor Program training sessions for its administrative and site personnel prior to the operation of a site's first meal service.
Site Visits § 225.15(d)(2) requires sponsors to visit each of their sites at least once during the first two weeks of program operations.	monitoring requirements for State agencies and sponsors apply to non-congregate sponsors and sites. This includes but is not limited to pre-approval visits, sponsor and site reviews, follow-up reviews, and meal preparation facility reviews by State agencies (as specified in 7 CFR 225.7) and site visits and reviews conducted by sponsors (as specified in 7 CFR 225.15).	meal service, to be conducted by the sponsor prior to a site operating the

Miscellaneous

Coordinated Services Plan	No guidance provided on this subject.	Adds § 225.3(e) which requires States to
		submit a Coordinated Services Plan. The
No previous regulations for a Coordinated		plan must include the following
Services Plan.		information:
		 A description of the roles and
		responsibilities of each State
		administering agency, and, as
		applicable, any other agencies, Indian
		Tribal Organizations, or public or
		private organizations which will be
		involved in administering SFSP and
		Summer EBT;
		• A description of how the State agency
		and any other organizations included in
		the plan will coordinate outreach and
		programmatic activities to maximize the
		reach of SFSP and Summer EBT (and
		SSO if appropriate);Metrics to assess Program reach and
		 Metrics to assess Program reach and coverage; and
		 The State agency's plans to partner with
		other Federal, State, Tribal, or local
		programs to aid participants in
		accessing all Federal, State, Tribal, or
		local programs for which they are
		eligible.
		Cirginic.

Collection of Summer Meals Site Location Data Section 26(d) of the NSLA mandated that the USDA enter into a contract to establish and maintain an information clearinghouse (named "USDA National Hunger Clearinghouse") of groups that assist low- income individuals or communities regarding nutrition assistance programs or other assistance. The Summer Meals for Kids Site Finder is an outgrowth of this project.	https://www.fns.usda.gov/meals4kids. A tool created for families to find directions to nearby open meal sites, as well as their hours of operation and contact information.	Initial plans must be submitted to FNS no later than January 1, 2025. States must submit annual updates when significant changes are made to the plan, and otherwise no less than every 3 years. Adds § 225.8(e) to require States agencies to submit a list of open site locations and their operational details via the Summer Food Site Locator form (FNS-905) by June 30 of each year, or a later date approved by the FNSRO, and provide a minimum of two updates during the summer operational period. However, State agencies are encouraged to submit weekly updates if there are any changes to the State agency's data, to ensure families have the most up- to-date site information. This requirement will not go into effect until one year after publication of the rule (i.e., Summer 2025 operational period).
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National School Lunch Program Seamles	s SP 09-2017, 2017 Edition of Questions and	Adds to §§ 210.2 and 220.2 a definition of
Summer Option (SSO)	Answers for the National School Lunch	"Seamless Summer Option" to mean the
	Program's Seamless Summer Option,	meal service alternative authorized by
§210.2 did not include a definition of	December 1, 2016 ¹ , includes guidance and	Section 13(a)(8) of the Richard B. Russell
"Seamless Summer Option."	clarification on operating the Seamless	National School Lunch Act, 42 USC
	Summer Option.	1761(a)(8), under which public or nonprofit
§ 210.18(e)(3)(ii) requires that State		school food authorities participating in the
agencies must review at least one SSO site	SFSP 01-2023 provided that school food	National School Lunch Program or School
if the school food authority selected for	authorities operating SSO can provide non-	Breakfast Program may offer meals at no
review operates.	congregate meal service as described in	cost to children during the traditional
	guidance.	summer vacation periods and, for year-
		round schools, vacation periods longer than
		10 school days.
		Adds § 220.23 to provide that a school food
		authority participating in SSO, and which is
		approved to offer a non-congregate meal
		service, must comply with the provisions
		specified in § 210.34 of this chapter.
		Amends §§ 210.18(e) and 210.34(a) to
		extend the non-congregate service option
		to SSO and require that State agencies
		conduct at least two site reviews of a school
		food authority (SFA) that chooses to
		operate both congregate and non-
		congregate meal service through SSO.